

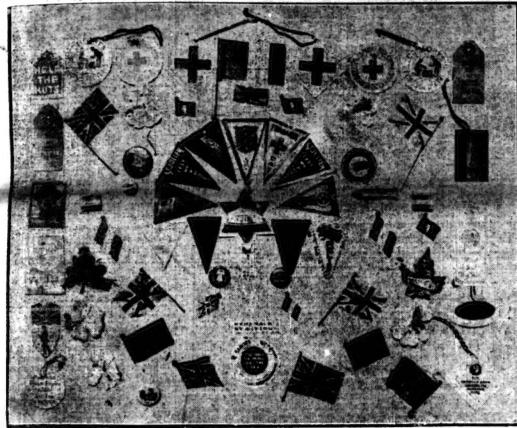
VOL. LXI.

HAMILTON, CANADA, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1919.

THE WEATHER:
CLOUDY AND COLD.

NO. 276.

THE COAL SITUATION AS BAD NOW AS AT FIRST



A COLLECTION THAT DEMONSTRATES TORONTO'S GENEROSITY ON 65 DAYS OF THE WAR. This collection of every tag that has ever been offered for sale on the streets of Toronto since the war began, was made by Mr. Edwin J. Friend, of 165 Bolton Avenue. In order that he might be able to show his two sons and his son-in-law when they return from France just what Toronto has done for their country.

MEXICO REFUSES DEMAND FOR RELEASE OF U.S. AGENT

Stands Firm For Legality of Its Course In Keeping Consular Agent Under Arrest

Washington Has Not Received the Note, and So Can Say Nothing Official.

(Canadian Press Wire) Mexico City, Nov. 27.—Declares there is no legal foundation, nor principle of international law, upon which the United States based its demand for the immediate release of William O. Jenkins, U.S. Consular Agent at Puebla, the Mexican Government, in a statement to the Associated Press. Secretary of Foreign Relations, last night stated that it was impossible to decide the request of the American Ambassador.

It is asserted that the Executive Department cannot, under Mexican law, interfere in the internal affairs of which is now in the hands of the state. It is declared the imprisonment of Mr. Jenkins was neither unauthorized, arbitrary, nor illegal. The Mexican Government, however, has given its freedom by refusing to give half, for which reason, it is said, he cannot be considered a political prisoner.

NOT RECEIVED YET.

Washington, Nov. 27.—Mexico's note refusing to comply with the State Department's recent demand for the release of Wm. O. Jenkins, the

American Consular Agent, imprisoned at Puebla on a charge that he connived with the bandits who kidnapped and held him for ransom, had not been received by the State Department, and the note was not yet in the hands of the State Department. It is declared the imprisonment of Mr. Jenkins was neither unauthorized, arbitrary, nor illegal. The Mexican Government, however, has given its freedom by refusing to give half, for which reason, it is said, he cannot be considered a political prisoner.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist Church will have a meeting to-morrow night the S. O. S. will hold their annual St. Andrew's night concert and dance.

Gibbes—So you went after a job. I thought you believed that the office was the best place for a man. Didn't you know that it was a fat job, and I thought it might get winded before it reached me?

The personnel of the part-time office was to be Gerald Campbell, of the London Times; Percival Phillips, of the Daily Express; W. T. Massey, of the Daily Mail; and J. W. T. St. John, of the Morning Post; Douglas Newton, of the Daily Chronicle, and Everard Cotes, representing Reuters' Agency.

In a statement made to the Canadian Press, Limited, on their departure, the English journalists paid tribute to the generous hospitality of the Canadian Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway.

"In the host of Canadian newspapermen, who have been here for so long, throughout Canada, we met with the most delightful hospitality, and a fine spirit of brotherhood which we shall never forget," said Mr. Campbell. "We have been away from home for the last four or five years, doing our work with the best of heart, and the best of spirit, and we are glad for this reason that we are going home now. But, leaving Canada, we are not saying good-bye to a second home. The people of Canada have become our personal friends, and we return, to an extent, to a home which we have found, that they are the brothers of the people of the British Isles."



THE DUKE OF AOSTA. Who is the most likely aspirant for the Italian throne in case King Victor Emmanuel carries out his wish to abdicate.

SAY GOOD-BYE TO SECOND HOME

British Press Men With Prince of Wales.

Delighted With Canada and Canadians.

(Canadian Press Wire)

OTTAWA, Nov. 27.—A party of distinguished English newspapermen accompanied the Prince of Wales throughout his tour of this continent is now en route to England on the "Prinzess Prinz." The Canadian reporter who obtained definite information that Italy had planned to take Dalmatia and Montenegro and has concluded secret agreements to this end with Bulgaria and Rumania.

The Canadian reporter who obtained definite information that Italy had planned to take Dalmatia and Montenegro and has concluded secret agreements to this end with Bulgaria and Rumania.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—Forces of the West Russian Government, under command of Col. Alaboff-Bermondt, have been completely defeated by the Lithuanians, according to advices received here from Kovno.

(A. P. Special Cable)

Paris, Nov. 27.—(Hayas)—

The Hamilton Times

PUBLISHED BY THE TIMES PRINTING CO., LIMITED.

Corner Main Street and Brockton St.,

Business Telephone 388.

Editorial Bldg. 364 - Job Room 316.

Published and printed continuously since 1852 under the name of The Times.

Contract advertising rates submitted for

Represented in LONDON, ENGL., and on the Continent by leading Advertising Agencies.

THURSDAY, NOV. 27, 1919.

THE TOWN PLANNERS.

The third annual town planning conference of southwestern Ontario is being held at Galt, Ontario, and will be continued to-morrow. Town planning is an age-old science or art, and its results are to be seen in many of the old world cities. Unfortunately, in the stress and hurry of making a living, our cities and towns have been allowed to grow up, like Topsy, without any particular supervision as to their beauty, or general utility. The Ontario town planners believe that it is never too late to mend, and much work has been done by this body of men to draw up formulas and to plan for the future. The conference that is being held here just now promises to mark an advance in the work.

The members of this body need no further than Hamilton to see the mistakes that have been made in allowing a city to grow haphazard, or to see the unsatisfactory results of this as far as the hand of the town planner. Its confirmation is faulty, yet its situation is such that by proper planning and adment, it can be made one of the most beautiful cities on the continent.

This city is ideally situated between the bay and the mountains. The bay-shore is capable of being made a great industrial hive, and yet it is capable of being made subservient to the landscape designer in an especial manner. The natural beauty stands almost unrivaled as an attraction, and the time this city would covet and treasure. On this physical feature of Hamilton the conference should have an opportunity to pronounce.

In these days of railway expansion, when Hamilton is being called on to help finance all sorts of roads and when the Government has a great ownership of railways, the railway situation in this city deserves serious thought, and it would be well if the conference would be called to strengthen the hands of the men in them, in their efforts to secure better railway facilities, which at the same time would rid the city of their objectionable features.

SCHOLARSHIP CAMPAIGN.

That was a notable meeting that was held the other night by the members of the Hamilton Alumni Association of the University of Toronto, to inaugurate a campaign for the creation of scholarships or bursaries for returned men, their dependents, and the dependents of those who did not return. The idea of President Falconer, and of Dr. George Scott, were an inspiration to those present and there is not the slightest doubt that both Hamilton and Wentworth will respond generously and nobly to the appeal for funds. No finer memorial of the men who made sacrifice in the war can be raised than the proposed University of Hamilton. This university in common with other Canadian universities gave their young men to the war to the fullest limit. Many of these have returned to complete the course that was broken when they answered the summons on behalf of their country. The children of these men, who have been educated and the children of the heroes who sleep in France and Flanders have a claim on the community that they shall not have their careers stunted because of the sacrifices of their fathers.

These scholarships will give all the men who have been raised to the highest opportunity to pursue their education who would otherwise be denied them. No nobler reward than a liberal education could be bestowed upon them, and the university authorities and the Alumni deserve success to their venture. We beseech the hearty support of this scheme to the men of Hamilton and we urge that the city and county, the educated populace would be one of the greatest blessings and safeguards for the country. Men and women of discernment and education could be bested by the false logic or half-baked fulminations of demagogues, nor can they fail to be a staying and regulating influence in the political and social life of the country.

ROLLS AND THE RETURNED MEN.

At the soldiers' banquet the other evening the Hon. Walter Rollo, the Minister of Labor, advised the returned men to organize, because with one organization they would not get what they wanted. When they organized they would command attention. He declared that it was up to the country to give the men a square deal, but not to square, we imagine, when he qualified his words by saying that, in handing out positions in his department, he would first consider the men who had been in the service.

They would have to be up to the mark to get a job.

However, Mr. Rollo showed them the way to get what they want. By forming a local organization, and since the Minister said that although some of them may not be 100 per cent. efficient, it would only be a square deal to give the returned men the preference and if properly organized they might be able to enforce their demand.

Mr. Rollo is new to the business, and perhaps it did not mean just what he said. The returned men look for sympathetic consideration from the Drury Government.

WHAT OF BOLSHEVISM?

Russia is to the aims of Bolshevikism and the results of its activities. The stories are generally of a nature to show up this new force as an unmitigated evil. Very little else comes out. Yet there is quite a large body of people on this continent who look with favor on the movement, believing that it is an uprising of the oppressed against the oppressors, and that it is a struggle for freedom and suppression.

Commenting on this fact the other day, a jewelry traveller of reputation said: "You are certainly doing a remarkable Diamond business, and so you should. You have the goods, and believe me they are hard to get, as everybody in the Diamond business knows."

This unsolicited opinion impresses one who knows that you owe it to yourself to see what we have to offer before deciding to purchase elsewhere.

Based on Facts

Great is the surprise to those who for the first time see the extent and quality of our Diamond stock.

Our splendid display of perfect gems—some loose and others mounted in original and exclusive designs—appeal to those who know and demand the best.

Commenting on this fact the other day, a jewelry traveller of reputation said: "You have the goods, and believe me they are hard to get, as everybody in the Diamond business knows."

This unsolicited opinion impresses one who knows that you owe it to yourself to see what we have to offer before deciding to purchase elsewhere.

Inspection implies no obligation to purchase. Come in.

KLEIN & BINKLEY

Diamond Merchants, Jewelers and Opticians, Issuers of Marriage Licenses, 33-37 James St. North, Hamilton.

has compelled the Sultan to discharge a number of his wives, and they are said to be going into politics.

The Toronto Telegram hit Mr. Drury a hard one the other day when it said he had "Ontario's Laurel Preacher." That should silence him.

Perhaps it's the high price of trousers that has impelled the Scotchmen to don the kilts. We hardly think that the innovation will become popular here.

What's the use of trying to be good when the Government raises the price of the whiskey that we have to get a doctor's prescription before we can buy?

It looks as if the coal miners have circumvented the President's order to cancel the strike order. The men are still on strike and refuse to go back to work.

According to a Buffalo Judge, the victory button worn by a returned soldier is an actual bar to employment in many shops in Buffalo. There must be a lot of slackers there.

With Sir Adam Beck, Mr. Lorne and Col. Cauchon on the Ontario Hydro Commission, there does not seem to be any room for the municipalities appointing a member.

The boot and shoe retailers, notwithstanding the statement that their goods will be higher in price in the spring, have had their profits limited by the Board of Trade and the Board of Commerce. How much of a reduction in the price will that mean?

Ten thousand men and women public school teachers of the Province of Ontario are to become organized shortly. They are to be formed into the federations of men and female teachers of Ontario, respectively, but will co-operate whenever their mutual interests become affected. Headquarters for the time being have been established in Peterborough. Have they had anything to do with the present demand for higher remuneration?

Dr. A. F. McLaren, of Ottawa, told the Rotary Club of that city that all men and women who are to be contracted to marry should be given a certain amount of health, principally in the interest of the wife and her prospective children. He expressed regret that it was possible for a diseased man to take a virtuous woman, his wife, and then ruin her health, as well as bring children into the world whose bodies were not physically efficient.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

That smoke barrage still rings abroad for abatement.

The League of Churches should be a big help to the League of Nations.

Bulgaria has also signed the peace pact. Now let Turkey step forward.

The National Policy is so sick that Col. Currie has to sit up nights with it.

The Hon. Mr. Biggs proposes to do big things in the way of road building.

The Kingston Standard has an editorial on poor and bad spelling. It is able to spell, like the ability to sing, is a gift.

The Toronto Local Council of Women proposes to enter the municipal fight by putting women candidates in all the wards.

The great steel strike has petered out, and the New York printers have gone back to work. It did not pay to thwart the union leaders.

The high cost of living in Turkey

highways and byways of the suffering and struggling world and minister to the needy.

AS A JOKE (Rockville, Quebec.)

A man in Rockville, Que., who recently got married as a joke has been refused a license to operate a hotel, because it would really cost him in taxes.

MAKING BOTH ENDS MEET (Milwaukee Journal.)

It's hard to make ends meet these days, but the front end of the income curve is up, and the back end is down. It's a block away from the entrance.

AMERICAN SPECIALITIES (Milwaukee Post.)

The latest statistics show a much larger population than Germany, but we fancy we are more numerous. We Americans who work than have. We Americans run largely to war, riding and racing.

NOT TO BE DESPISED (Buffalo Courier.)

The recent election has given the border in the province of Ontario, whose population is about one-half that of the United States, a much larger population than any on the American continent, may well capture one-half of the population in the future.

ALWAYS WORKS WRONG (Guelph Mercury.)

The wheat embargo is to be lifted, so that we can export to the United States. Here's where the baker will be the last to benefit from the end of the war.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

The wheat embargo is to be lifted, so that we can export to the United States. Here's where the baker will be the last to benefit from the end of the war.

POPULAR VS. SELF-GOVERNMENT (Woodstock Standard-Review.)

"Popular" and "self-government" are fine phrases, and are constantly used as if they meant the same thing. In reality, they mean quite different things. The former means the rule of the majority, and the latter means the rule of the minority. The popular majority thinks it is right, and the self-government minority thinks it is wrong. The former wants to do what the popular majority thinks is right, and the self-government minority wants to do what the self-government minority thinks is right.

IN EXECUTIONS (London Advertiser.)

The Conservative party's present slate of candidates is to be the calibre of its two chief exploiters to-day—Hon. H. C. Currie and Hon. W. C. Ross. Currie says that only a return to the national policy will save the country.

The things that make a nation great are the things that make a nation strong. The former is the result of the latter.

STILL WORK FOR PARTIES (Ottawa Journal.)

There is no brief for hide-bound partisanships, but if you will ignore or prejudice, call it what you will which is right, but my party right or wrong."

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

It is the right of the self-government party to be willing to honest to any kind of a cause.

NOTICE TO THE BREAD (Guelph Mercury.)

GUELPH VETS ALLEG PROBE A WHITEWASH

Complain of Commission In-
vestigating Speedwell
Hospital.

EVIDENCE READY

Commission Says Officials
Under Fire Very Ef-
ficient.

Guelph, Nov. 26.—A great deal of dissatisfaction prevails in the ranks of the G.W.V.A. as the result of their efforts to have affairs at the Speedwell Hospital investigated. The investigation which they asked Hon. Hugh Guthrie to conduct was held on Monday and Tuesday of this week, and the Veterans claim that it was not an investigation at all, but nothing less than whitewashing of the officials concerned.

The furor over the Speedwell could not have been an impartial inquiry, inasmuch as the personnel of the Commission appointed was composed entirely of G.W.V.A. members, and it was to be expected their report would be an unfavorable one as respects the management of their own hospital. On Tuesday, General W. Col. Hugh Clark, Secretary S.C.R.; Mr. G. H. Robinson, Deputy Minister, C.C.C.; Mr. W. H. Arthur, Chief Inspector; Col. Davis, Director of Medical Services, and Mr. Parkinson, officer in charge of vocational training, were present.

The investigation began on Monday when the Commissioners paid a visit to every ward, and to every official in the hospital in order to find out whether there were any complaints. They could not find anyone who was prepared to speak up for the hospital, and came to the conclusion that there was no use in asking any more questions, so adjourned on Tuesday afternoon, when President A. Macintosh and Secretary D. Robertson of the G.W.V.A. were present to protest the conduct of the Commission, but not a single witness was called, even though there were several who, the local officials declared, could be prepared to submit their evidence.

The Commissioners, however, thought that their officials against whom certain charges were made were most efficient and that their services were indispensable to the hospital, and the result is that the Commission returned to Ottawa Tuesday night apparently well pleased with their work.

One of the chief features which the Veterans wanted investigated was the alleged interference of some of their officials in carrying out their duties. This was brought to their attention when they received one of their officers who had resigned because of alleged petty interference. This officer came to Guelph for the investigation, and was prepared to submit his evidence, but the Commission declined absolutely to give him a hearing.

The Veterans also learned from reliable sources that the Medical Staff was being paid a great deal more than certain officials who were not medical men responsible for the issuance of orders concerning medical needs. The committee, however, was prepared to ignore this thing, with one exception, and the result is that there is anything but harmony at the hospital.

Further than this, the Veterans demanded that one of the officials, who is not a soldier and never has been abroad, be removed and given a grade to a soldier, but the committee declined to consider this for a minute. They also objected to the bringing in of any new personnel, and were prepared to fill a responsible position here, when there were plenty of efficient officials in the district.

In the final intention of the Veterans to let the matter drop at this stage, they will make a demand for a full investigation by a commission made up of other local members of their department.

G.W.V.A. CHARGES.

The points the G.W.V.A. want clarified are:

"Why are civilians employed in this institution on jobs and positions which could just as easily be filled by returning soldiers? Why are the returning men, many of whom are walking about unemployed, not given preference?"

"Who is responsible for the employment of these civilians, and is the man who hires them a civilian himself? If so, why? Why is the law not carried out? Why has the man who is responsible to have the Kestate should recognize a king?"

"We request that a nominal roll of every man who is returning be presented to the committee, showing his present position, his military record, and who has no military record, with the names of the men in this the industrial department of this institution."

"We request that this commission, together with the representatives of the G.W.V.A. make a thorough inspection of the hospital, visiting all wards, examining all patients, and, where these complaints are reasonable, to rectify them, if possible."

"We request that all administrative positions at Speedwell Hospital, Guelph, at present held by civilians be filled by veterans, the same to be filled by qualified returned men living within this district."

"We strongly advise the institution of removing men from different districts to fill positions so as to property qualified men are available within this district."

"We request that the best positions in the D. S. C. R. are given to officers. A venture to assert that in the administration of the D. S. C. R. there is a single man from whom all the best will be found. Why? Because these positions are given, not because of a man's record, but because of the rank he held in the army. This distinction is not warranted, and is the cause of a great deal of dissatisfaction among the men."

"Why is a civilian official of this hospital—refer to Mr. Black—allowed to dictate to the medical officers

regarding the treatment accorded T. B. patients in respect to the changing of flaps?"

CANADIAN PRESS ELECTS OFFICERS

Annual Meeting of Daily
Newspaper Publishers.

Better Cable Service for
Canada Planned.

Toronto, Nov. 22.—A representative gathering of the daily newspaper publishers of Canada met here yesterday for the second of the annual meetings of Canadian Press Limited.

An interested visitor, Roy Mc-

Inton, assistant general manager of the Associated Press, who discussed with the Press Limited.

Press Limited, will closer co-operation both association and for the same ideals of mutual and non-profit making co-operation, free of any sort of bias or political control.

He invited Canadian

newspaper editors to attend a meeting of the Associated Press board at New York on Dec. 10 next.

Among matters taken up was the proposed cable service to be completed in London by the Canadian Press as a supplement to the Canadian Press and the Canadian News, and covering especially news of the British Empire, and for co-operation with the Canadian Associated Press under name of the latter.

Assessments were proposed for the year, imposing a assessment in increased burden of cost upon the membership in the Press, and the estimates were adopted, subject to some alteration for smaller papers in the Maritime division, to be leased.

Directors for the year were elected as follows: Nova Scotia, G. F. Fawcett, President; Hamilton, G. F. Fawcett, Vice-President; John T. Hawke, Merton Transcript, Quebec, H. Gagnon, Le Soleil, and E. F. Morris, Montreal Star, and E. F. Morris, Montreal Gazette, Ontario, E. Norman Smith, Ottawa Journal, John B. Bone, Toronto Star, and S. Watson, Watson's Quebec Chronicle, the editor, resigning in order to make room for a representative of the French Canadian press.

At a subsequent meeting of the board of directors officers for the year were elected as follows:

President, E. F. Morris; 1st Vice-

President, E. H. Macklin; 2nd Vice-

President, E. F. Morris, Peerless CANADIAN PRESS ASSOCIATION.

The sixtieth annual meeting of Canadian Press Association, Inc. will be held at the King Edward Hotel, Toronto, on Dec. 10, 1919, at 8:30 a.m.

At midnight, there was an air raid by the Austrians.

At 10:30 a.m. on Dec. 10, 1919,

"Owing to the carelessness of the British in the handling of their wireless, the Austrians were able to learn our position,"

and they materialized after the death

of King Carl, and the succession of

King Gustavus, the son of King Carl,

and the Duke of Edinburgh."

"Let me tell you how soon after we ended the war, it was really brought before our minds in its true form. War was declared on the 11th of November, 1918, and on the 11th of December, 1918, at midnight, there was an air raid by the Austrians."

"The first month this country was

in a state of alarm, and many as three

days in a row, we lost 100 men in

one day, and many as three days in

one day,

Every Day in the Week

Toronto-Vancouver
(Both Ways)

